WORLD AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION AND TRADE

Statistical Report

AUGUST 1975

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WORLD FISHMEAL AND OIL PRODUCTION AND EXPORTS CONTINUE RECOVERY

World fishmeal production in 1975 is forecast at 4.49 million metric tons, up 190,000 tons from the 1974 volume. The six major producer-exporters—Peru, Norway, South Africa, Chile, Denmark, and Iceland—are expected to produce 2.3 million tons this year (up 185,000 tons from last year), accounting for 51 percent of the world total. Between 1965 and 1971, these countries represented an average of 64 percent of the world total. The decline is largely attributable to a lower Peruvian anchovy catch, caused by a decline in anchovy population that resulted mainly from a temporary change in the Peruvian current. However, the Peruvian fish catch situation has since improved.

Peru is the principal producer of fishmeal among these six countries. The total fish catch for 1975 is forecast at 5 million tons, the highest since 1971. Assuming a 22 percent meal extraction rate, 1975 fishmeal production is forecast at 1.1 million tons. With an estimated stock carryover from 1974 of nearly 220,000 tons, the total supply for 1975 will approximate 1.32 million tons.

The Peruvian fish catch through mid-June totaled 2.95 million tons, which is equivalent to 650,000 tons of fishmeal. Peru has suspended commercial anchovy fishing until September or October.

Norway's fishmeal production is expected to decline to 280,000 tons in 1975, 9 percent below that of 1974, and 21 percent below that of 1973. With international catch restrictions now in effect for capelin (a member of the smelt family) and North Sea herring and national regulations also applied, it is likely that Norway's fishmeal production will continue to decline.

South African production (including South West Africa) in 1975 is forecast at 290,000 tons, the same as last year.

Chilean output of fishmeal rose to 200,000 tons this year, 14 percent above 1974 production. Chile's record year was 1971, when 263,000 tons were produced. Chile's 1973 output at only 73,000 tons was the lowest since 1961.

Denmark's production of fishmeal in 1975 is forecast at 330,000 tons, the same as in 1974 but 35 percent above that of 1973. Even though Denmark's production has been increasing, in the long run it will probably face the problem of limited-catch provisions, as does Norway.

Iceland's fishmeal production for 1975 is forecast at 100,000 tons, slightly below 1974's level but the same as in 1973. A recent development in the Icelandic fishmeal industry has been the diversion of some capelin from processing for fishmeal to the frozen fish export market to Japan for human consumption.

Countries other than the six major producer-exporters are forecast to produce 2.19 million tons in 1975—almost the same as last year.

In 1976, world fishmeal production is projected to reach 4.75 million tons—260,000 tons above the 1975 forecast. Peru represents 85 percent of this increase, with its 1976 production projected at 1.32 million tons, It is possible that

Peru's production could even be higher, but this will depend on the price of fishmeal vs. costs of production. Including projected stocks of 200,000 tons, Peru's 1976 supply could total 1.52 million tons.

World exports of fishmeal in 1975 are forecast at 2,28 million tons—390,000 tons above 1974's exports. Peru represents 94 percent of this increase, with its 1975 exports forecast at 1 million tons—almost 370,000 tons above those of 1974 and 650,000 tons above those of 1973. In 1976, world exports are projected to reach 2.48 million tons—200,000 tons above 1975's forecast. Peru will represent all of the increase in this trade, with its 1976 exports projected at 1.2 million tons.

Several of the major importers of fishmeal also export the product. West Germany, for example, imported 352,000 tons of fishmeal in 1974 and exported 92,000 tons. France imported 37,000 tons that year and exported 16,000 tons. Japan imported 25,000 tons and exported 31,000 tons. Japan is also a producer of fishmeal.

Fish Oil Output and Trade Up

World production of fish oil in 1975 is forecast at 1.1 million metric tons, representing an increase of 11 percent or 127,000 tons above 1974's output. The five principal producer-exporters—Peru, Norway, United States, South Africa, and Iceland—are forecast to produce 61 percent of the total 1975 fish oil output and all of the increase from the previous year.

Peru in 1975 is the largest fish oil producer, with output forecast at 325,000 tons—113,000 tons above that of last year. This year's assumed oil extraction rate is between 6 and 6.5 percent—the highest on record. Stocks on January 1, 1975, totaled 75,000 tons. Thus the total 1975 supply is 400,000 tons, compared with 221,000 tons in 1974.

Norway's 1975 production is forecast at 143,000 tons—14,000 tons below 1974's output and 49,000 tons below 1973's output. Lower quotas for capelin are partly responsible for this decline.

Fish oil production in the United States for 1975 is forecast at 108,000 tons, the same as last year.

South African fish oil production in 1975 is forecast at 60,000 tons—18 percent above that of last year. This is the highest production since 1970.

Icelandic production of fish oil for 1975 is forecast at 30,000 tons, which is approximately the same as in the previous 2 years and the highest since 1967.

Production in the countries other than the major producer-exporters for 1975 will be slightly above 1974's output. Their total production for 1975 is forecast at 451,000 tons—16,000 tons below that of last year.

World production of fish oil in 1976 is projected at 1.16 million tons—only 40,000 tons above 1975's forecast, with Peru again supplying most of the increase. Peru's 1976 fish

oil production is projected at 350,000 tons—25,000 tons above 1975's forecast.

World exports of fish oil in 1975 are forecast to total 620,000 tons, up 26 percent or 129,000 tons from the low level of 491,000 tons in 1974. The increase largely reflects recovery in Peruvian exports to 175,000 tons—almost 100,000 tons above last year's exports. Fish oil exports in 1974 were the lowest since 1965. Norway's 1975 net exports are forecast at 100,000—18,000 tons above those of last year. Together, Peru and Norway account for 91 percent of the increase in world exports of fish oil for 1975. In 1976, world exports are projected to increase to 695,000

tons—75,000 tons above 1975's forecast. Peru will account for all of the increase in 1976 world exports. Peru's exports for 1976 are projected at 250,000 tons.

The major importer of fish oil is the United Kingdom, whose 1974 imports totaled 154,000 tons. Previously, this country imported as much as 265,000 tons. The United Kingdom also exports fish oil, but in very small quantities (7,000-9,000 tons). The next largest importer is West Germany, which imported 133,000 tons in 1974. Norway is a major producer-exporter, but also is a major importer. In 1974 Norway exported 129,000 tons, while importing 47,000 tons.

Fishmeal: Production and exports by selected producer-exporters, and the world annual 1965-75 and forecast 1976 (In 1,000 metric tons)

			7 ur)	OCC meti	ic tons				
Item and Year	Peru	Norway 1/A	/: South : C	Chile	Denmark	Iceland	Total	Other	World
Production: 1/:									
1965	1,282	783 753 753	277 270	93 218	113	174	2,222	1,300	3,522
1967	1,816	767	356	162	176	112	3,116	1,465	4,581
1969	1,922	404 310	478 412	235	1 1 77	53 61	3,336 2,818	1,644 1,838	4,980 4,656
1970	2,253	352	340	197	24.5	29	3,454	3,946	5,400
1972	1,735 897	357	280 251	202	248 257	94 75	3,160 1,953	2,02% 2,103	5,189 4,056
1973.	423 905	354 309	279 290	73 176	245 330	921	1,474 2,115	2,201 2,185	3,675
1975 3/	1,100	280	290	300 300 300	330	100	2,300	2,190	067.7
: · · · · · · / ħ o / ٢-	7,720	240	630	3	טלל	3	2,050 0,50	7,240	4,700
Exports: 1/:	1 260	040	222	47	5	F 7.1	c c	כמר	ĉ
1966	1,304	258	173.	183	3 23 5	153	2,153	220	2,373
1968	1,561 2,083	495 436	353	1.76	707 187	133 62	2,694	55. 25.	2,902
1969	1,656	305	377	145	169	99	2,652	329	2,981
1970	1,873	5776	184	66	170	62	2,637	320	2,957
1971	1,752	319	118	183	188	9	2,620	284	2,904
1972	1,528	382 327	142	77	189 179	7,4	2,392	339	2,731
1974 2/	632	282	180	112	560	82	1,548	345	1,890
, 6	5	, C	C	ָר ר	Ç	5	1 (.0	(
1976.4	1,200	350	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 0	132	220 220	36	2,115	360	2,475
••									

1/ Includes fish solubles, dry weight basis, where separately classified.
2/ Preliminary.
3/ Partly estimated.
4/ Forecast.

Peruvian Fishmeal: Estimated supply and distribution

ra L	Fish catch	extraction rate	Production	Stocks Jan. 1	: Supply	:Apparent	7 + A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	:Average
	50					:consumption		ennual price 1/
	metric	ť	1,000 metric	1,000 metric	1,000	1,000	1,000	U.S.
	20113	Fercent	tons	tons	tons	tons	metric tons	dollars/
•	7,242	17.7	1,282	260	1,542	1.7	, ,	
	8,530	17.3	1,471	238	5	‡	1,200	110.0
	9.825	10 10	. 1	,)	7,6	29	1,305	139.5
• •		C*0T	1,816	375	2,191	99	1,561	00
**	10,263	18.7	1,922	909	2,522	87	200) (
•	09648	18.0	1,611	391	2,002	90	(2)	3°001
•	12,383	18.2	0 050	i		Ŝ	7,020	119.2
. 197			2,47	307	2,560	33	1,873	157.2
*************	10,274	18,8	1,935	459	2,589	5	ראקי ר	L
1972.	4,447	20.2	897	786	7 642	\ (76) 67	124.6
1973	1,769	23.0	1.03			ድ	1,528	144.0
197//	, 0	1	<u> </u>	8	783	80	351	360.0
	7,765	. 25•3	905	52	957	105	633	¥
1975 2/	5,000	22.0	1,100	220	1,320	, (3 6	N a A ●
1976 3/	000,9	22.0	1,320	5	, i	2	7. OOO	N.A.
1/ F.O.B. Permisa routs	The state of				7,720	120	1,200	N.A.
	• co 10d 11	<pre>// Forecast.</pre>	3/ Projection	ion				

Compiled from Sociedad Nacional de Pesqueria and other sources.

Fishmeal 1/: Exports from specified countries, annual 1966-74 (In 1,000 metric tons)

			(In 1,00	00 metric	tons)				
	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	: 1971	1972	1973	1974 2/
North America:	:						- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u></u>	+
Canada	49	48	64						
Greenland	: 2	2	1	73 1	73	63	33	3/1	2/35
Panama	: 10	9	9	2	Ţ	j	1	2/ 1	2/ ¦
Total	61	59	74	76	79	6 70	$\frac{7}{41}$	- <u>8</u> 38	43
South America:						$ \sim$	44		
	: _	_							
Argentina		2	1	. 1	1	(4/)	(1./)	7	4
Peru	183	114	176	145	99	(4/) 183	(<u>4</u> /) 77	27	112
	1,304	1,561	2,083	1,656	1,873	1,752	1.528	351	632
Total	1,488	1,677	2,260	1,802	1,973	1,935	1,605	385	748
Europe:									
Belgium-Luxembourg	2	1	(4/)	-					_
Denmark	82	102	184	1	1	1	1	2	2
France	6	4	•	169	170	188	189	211	260
Germany, West	2	2	4	_2	5	11	7	22	16
Ireland	(<u>4</u> /j		8	15	21	44	<i>1</i> ,1	42	92
Italy	(4/)	(4/)	1	1	2	2	2	1	3
Netherlands	(4/ j	$(\overline{4}/\overline{)}$	$(\underline{L}/)$	0	(4/)	(4/)	(4/)	1	1
United Kingdom	4 7 F	7	15	32	37	~ ,	27	6	4
Total EC.	15 111	15	11	17	30	9	ıí	1.0	14.
		125	223	237	266	264	278	295	392
Faroe Islands	6	11	7.0	_			· · · · · · · · · · ·		
Iceland	153		13	12	14	16	11₽	20	22
Norway	258	133 495	62	66	62	60	74	93	82
Portugal	4		436	302	249	319	382	327	282
Sweden	i i	4	8	8	7	6	9	9	3
Total Europe	533	7/0	(4/)	(l _F /)	2	2	4	6	5
		769	742	625	600	667	76.1_	750	786
USSR	12	36	28	27	12				10
,						10	15	11	
Africa:									
Angola	54	37	44	92	10				
Morocco	37	25	38	7£ 28	62	48	120	89	
South Africa 5/	173	289	6/ 353	6/ 314	23	. 19	1, 18	41.	
Total	264	351	435	0/ 314 434	6/ 184 269	118	6/ 142	6/ 175	_
Asia:				<u>H_2#</u>	<u> </u>	185	280	305	
Japan Japan									
ompoure a seese seese seese seese seese	15	11	7	18	25	38	. 29	٠, ا	
Grand total 7/	2,373	2,902	3,548	2,981	2,957	2,904	2,731		
/ Includes solubles and at						-	•		

Includes solubles and similar products.

Preliminary.
Estimated.
Less than 500 tons.
Including the production of South West Africa.
Fishmeal exporters organization estimates includes export sales from factory ships.
Totals may not add due to rounding.

Fishmeal 1/: Imports into specified countries, annual 1966-74

				al 1966-74 O <u>metric t</u>					
	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974 2/
North America:	:	-							
Canada	: (3/)	1	2	. 1	(3/)	(3/)	1	(3/)	(3/)
restices and the second	49	52	71	70	78	104	85	14	33
United States	408	593	777	325	229	257	356	62	62
Total	457	646	850	396	307	361	442	76	95
South America:									
Bolivia	·• (<u>3</u> /)	j	(3/)	,1	1	(3/)	(3/)	(3/)	(3/)
Brazil	: 2	6	8	9	7	,10	. , 2	.,0	2
Colombia 4/	: 7	3 25	5 30	4	5	5/4	5/4	5/4	5/4
Venezueia		35	43	26 40	27 40	32 1.6	10 16	11	<u>0</u>
10002			4)	40	40		,LO		
Europe: Belgium-Luxembourg	: 72	do	n/			0.00	40		
		80 22	96 8	99	95	97	89	43	29
Denmark			_	31	19	20	21	24	14
Germany, West 6/	: 361	99	107	105	95	67	85	49	37
Treland		479 1 7	539 20	551 24	51.5	530	509	265	352
Italy		103	111	26 115	23 114	12 100	17	12	11
Netherlands		146	186	196	134	130	120 160	56 48	57 1.6
United Kingdom		400	499	468	392	327	393	48 316	46
Total EC		1,346	1,566	1,591	1,387	1,283	1,394	813	229 775
Austria	: 38	46	51	54	57	56	52	21,	30
Finland		26	$l_t 1$	44	4i	1,6	47	51	50 50
Greece 4/		18	10	12	10	13	Ĭ5	6	
Norway.		2	1	1	1	1	7	(3/)	3 1
Fortugal		14	19	23	24	22	32	~13	1.2
Sweden		107 57	113 73	141 80	117	99	122	38	49
Switzerland 4/		38	57 57	68 68	75	79	77	73	44
Total W. Europe		1,654	1,931	2,014	71 1.783	73 1,672	82	1,092	1,044
Dul-sud s									11 0/1/1
Sulgaria Szechoslovakia;		14	9	10	21	29	21.	2	2
Germany, East	67 95	75 80	75	83	10/,	114	100	31	26
Hungary	28	33	98 48	72	140	210	80	40	68
Poland	67	85	108	53 123	60 126	80	68	58	65
Yugoslavia	<i>u</i> i	39	1,8	. 55	119	115 70	166	130	163
Total E. Europe	31.8	326	386*	396	570	618	53 488	67 328	80 404
Total Europe	1,703	1,980	2,317	2,410	2,353	2,290	2,316		
frica:					~1000	2,270	Z 1 2TO	1,420	$1,l_il_iB$
Kenya	(3/)	1	7	•	_				
Mozambique	Δ'n	1	1 2	1	. 1	2	2	.,1	, 1
alawi.	(3/)	(3/)	(3/)	(3/)	(3/)	(3/)	/n/3	$\frac{5}{4}$, $\frac{2}{3}$	5/2
ambia		<u> </u>	3	5	4 7 5	Q2/2	577	(2/)	(3/)
10 62.2, 4 8 4	3	4	6	8	9	8	10	- - 2 -	
sia:						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Israel 4/	13 3	11.	15	22	24	15	15	n	11
iong Kong		2 .	2	2		Ĩž	3	Ι.	11
ALAYS1A	96 11	87 10	150	108	3 95	22	57	87	25
NIIII DDI NAS	8	13	14 21	12 12	13	10	10	6	3 25 5 9
	22	23		34	10 37.	10	12	1	9
hailandietnam, South	0	(3/) (3/)	(3/)	7 3	34 1	(<u>3</u> 3	(3/)	<i>,</i> ₃¾	,,37
Total.	0 153		<u> </u>	1	5/1	5/1	5/-1	5/1	(2/) 5/1
eania:		146	246	194	181	94	136	140	91
ustralia 8/									
	12	14	28	30	27	32	81	14	14
Grand total 9/	2,353	2,824	3,490	3,079	2,915	2,832	3,002		
Includes fish solubles, Preliminary. Less than 500 tons. Includes small amounts Estimated. Includes fish and whale Not available.	of meat mea	1.		tely class	sified in	import sta	tistics.	1,666	1,658
Year ending June 20				.:					
Totals may not add due	to rounding	•							
				,					
				6					

Fish Oil: Production and exports by major producer-exporters and world, annual 1965-75 and 1976 forecast

			(In 1,000	metric	tons)			
Item and year	Peru	Norway 1/	United States	: South : Africa	Iceland	Total	Other	World
Production: 2/:					·			
1965	125	178	ī &	57	104	552	234	786
1967	36 38 38	337	27.	65	74	040 822	£ 6	1,111
1968	292	24.3	%	125	S	758	349	1,107
1707	24k8	777	9/.	3	T3	979	329	226
1970	[[\$3 t 1 C 1 T	93	8	12	789	354	1,038
1972	450	733 733	크,%	₹ 2.5	11	787	, , , , ,	1,170
1973	07	192	38	18	30 F	707	320	805 805
1974 3/	212	157	108	Z.	27	555	435	966
1975 1./	305	27.3	Č	γ,	08	777		1
1976 4/	350	150	100	65	28	705	451 452	1,117 1,157
Exports: 2/		(5/)	(4)					
1965	137	133) ⁷	35	89	736	77	478
1966	87	187	27	: C;	133	459	다.	510
1968	323	247 1144	2,5	3 2 2	2,2%	7.50 5.50 5.50	\$ 5	659 737
1969	14,	223	. ? %	62	1%	547	2	620
1970	200	127	89	57	12	161	96	560
1971	276	123	86	16	6	522	ij	632
1972	293	123	8 8	20 :	16	534	131	665
1973	2 ½	222 83	<u>Ş</u> 5	04°	. 28 27 27	398	143	541
		70	S)	‡	† 77	5.79	212	T64
1975 4/	175	100	06	27	58	750	200	620
:••••/Ħ al.AT	250	TOO	90	27	88	7647	, , ,	695

Norway revised series 1967-75.

Z Includes fish liver oil and hardened fish oil.

Preliminary.

K Forecast.

Net exports includes hardened fish oil.

Net exports.

Peruvian Fish Oil: Estimated supply and distribution

					-		
	Fish catch	Oil extraction: rate	Oil : Stocks extraction: Stocks rate : January	Stocks January 1	Supply	Apparent domestic consumption:	Exports
	1,000 metric tons	Percent	1,000 metric tons	1,000 metric tons	1,000 metric tons	1,000 metric tons	1,000 metric
	7,242	1.7	125	69	197,	33	127
9	8,530	1.7	747	` ক	171		1.7.4 87
	9,825	3•0	292	67	34.1	37	961
	10,263	2.9	292	108	007	77	323
• • •	8,960	2,8	24,8	35	283	45	נית
1970.	12,383	2.5	311	26	807	78	200
1971	10,274	0*7	77.7	130	2177	11.8	276
1972	4,447	5.0	220	150	370	51	293
1973	. 1,769	2.3	07	56	99	57	0
1974	3,583	5.9	212	6	221	22	92
1975 1/	5,000	6.5	325	22	007	06	175
1976 2/	9,000	5.8	350	135	485	11.5	250
1/ Forecast. 2/ Projection.							

Fish Oil (Including fish liver oils): World net exports, annual 1965-74

1/ Preliminary. 2/ Less than 500 tons. 3/ Excludes sizable quantities of hardened fish oils exported at which are not separately classified in trade returns. 1/ Includes hardened fish oils. 5/ Including the territory of South West Africa. 6/ Including factory ships. 7/ Totals computed from unrounded data. 3/ Excludes sizable quantities of hardened fish oils exported annually

WORLD PRODUCTION OF SUNFLOWERSEED TO REMAIN UNCHANGED IN 1975/76

World production of sunflowerseed in 1975/76 is projected at 10.8 million metric tons, practically unchanged from 1974/75. Outturn in the USSR is expected to be below 1974's 6.8 million ton crop, possibly as low as 5.8 million tons. Expected increases in production in the United States, Spain, and Eastern Europe—especially Yugoslavia—and a projected recovery of production in Argentina in early 1976 following this year's poor harvest should offset a major portion of the expected decline in the USSR.

If the Soviet crop is in the middle of the current range of estimates i.e., 6.3 million tons—world production of sunflowerseed oil in 1976 is expected to remain at approximately 4 million tons, unchanged from that of 1975. A 500,000-ton decline in gross sunflowerseed production in the USSR represents a potential 175,000-200,000 ton decline in oil output during 1976. Sunflowerseed production on an oil basis is expected to increase in Eastern Europe by 60,000 tons, in the United States by almost 60,000 tons, in Spain by 30,000 tons, and next year in Argentina by 50,000 tons.

World production of sunflowerseed meal in 1976 is expected to remain at approximately 3.8 million tons, or the protein fraction of about 130 million bushels of soybeans.

World exports of sunflowerseed and oil, oil basis, in 1976 are forecast at 645,000 tons, down from an estimated 690,000 tons shipped during 1975. The projected downturn in exports primarily reflects an expected decline in Soviet exports in both 1975 and 1976 resulting from smaller harvests since 1973's record 7.4 million-ton sunflowerseed crop.

World exports of sunflowerseed and meal, meal basis, in 1975 are expected to decline 18 percent to approximately 415,000 tons, the lowest volume traded since 1964. With the exception of the United States, exports of sunflowerseed for crush from the world's major producer-exporters have trended downward in recent years as a consequence of increased crushing in producing countries. Changes in the volume of meal exported have been more the result of

expected to decline because below normal rainfall has adversely affected yields in major producing regions of the southern RSFSR and Ukraine. Although sunflowers have a reputation for being drought-tolerant because of their extensive root systems, they still require adequate moisture during the early stages of plant growth to attain good yields.

Planting of sunflowers in the USSR took place earlier than usual this year, because dry conditions enabled field work to begin sooner. Unseasonably dry weather since then is believed to have limited root development and head size in many areas. Reports have been received that many sunflowers are now being harvested for silage because of small heads. Consequently, harvested acreage of sunflowerseed for crushing could be much less than last year's, despite the fact that planted acreage may actually have increased slightly.

In Romania, flooding of the Danube in early July is believed to have reduced the sunflowerseed crop by at least 100,000 tons from earlier expectations. Consequently, outturn is expected to increase only slightly to approximately 700,000 tons from last year's drought-reduced 671,000 ton crop.

In Argentina, sunflowerseed production in 1975 was officially estimated at 780,000 tons, the lowest outturn since 1966. Sowings were below normal because of dry conditions, and frequent rains and flooding in Buenos Aires Province during the ripening and harvest stages reduced the crop even more.

Production of sunflowerseed in the United States in 1975 is forecast at a record 450,000 metric tons—up nearly 160,000 tons, or more than 50 percent from 1974's crop of 291,000 tons. Of this year's crop, production for crushing is estimated at 380,000 tons, the balance being confectionary seed. U.S. crush and exports combined in 1975/76 are forecast at 350,000 tons, yielding 140,000 tons of oil. Oil output in 1974/75 was just over 80,000 tons.

This year, plantings increased by about 70 percent to around 1.2 million acres, primarily reflecting the introduct of sunflowers on approximately 275,000 acres in as. Flooding and heavy rains early this summer in th Dakota and Minnesota, where most U.S. sunflower-lis grown, cut production in that region by as much as percent, preventing total U.S. production from anding apace with planted acreage.

SUNFLOWERSEED	ACREAGE	SA.	PRODUCTION	ĸ	SPECIFIED COUNTRIES		AND THE WO	WORLD.	ANNUAL	1970-75		
GONTINENT AND COUNTRY	1970	161	ACREAGE 1972. 19	:AGE 1973	/ī #161	Forecast 1975	Ţ970	1971	RRODUCTION 1972	UCT 10N 1973	/T 7261	Forecast 1975
			IN 1,000	ACRES	w				1000 IN 1	METRIC	ic Tons.	
NORTH AMERICA: GANADA	207	239 392 136	217 692 747	645 645 645 645 645 645 645 645 645 645	6. 10 5. 10 5. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	1,200	W. 8.	196	334	353 333 3	21.2 29.1 3	41 650 8
TOTALessessessessessessessessessessessessess	279	191.	983	668	705	1	III	293	426	397	306	467
SOUTH AMERICA: ARGENTINA	3,328 4,9 2,49 1,20	3 £246 38 255 12	3,179 37 254 12	3,306 27 268 21	2,686 221 225 1225	3,050 30 210	1. 56.65 67.65	830 20 18	80 44.40 % 80 50 80	26. 13.65.	1,000 7.	78 0614 18 8
TOTAL 2/	3+629	3,551	3,482	3,613	2.944	1	1 (253	416	986	1,060	1,073	458
EUBOPET BULGARIA	687 68 222 222 383 383	659 1094 1455 452 152	1117 1117 1368 1460 4600 4633	630 1224 13264 11164	710 131 1463 10070	136	4 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	455 1449 1449 1449 1449	4 11 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4) HE WA	4 10 50 0 50 11 50 0 50 11 50 0 50 11 50	4, 11, 12, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13
QTHER+************************************	12	29	34	94	Ŋ.	l: l	12	19	96	åë	7	E4:
TOTAL 2/	3,353	3,639	3,486	4.076	4,219	1	1,754	2,039	2,075	2,184	1,824	2,081
USSR ½/	11,834	11:120	10,858	11,725	11,792	11,600	6+144	5,663	5,048	7,385	89649	5/ 6+300
AFRICA: BOROCCO SOUTH AFRICA	.62 387 265	4 4 2 6 9 9 9 9 9	98 475 278	51 855 278	99.55 19.65 19.65	iù 1 (0)	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	13.60 60	20 (1.00) 1.00 1.00	233 70	455	14 221 73
TOTAL 2/	71.4	577	851	1,184	616	i	177	210	240	.321	340	308
ASIA: TURKEY	.890 143	67.9. T21	1,223	1,189	1,013	1 F 1 I	375 EF	465	960 96	560 27	460	460 76
TOTAL 6/	1,033	1,136	1,380	1,346	1,163	l l	448	542	636	635	.533 25	939
OCEANIA: AUSTRALIA	49	187	729	865	386	546	E.	ą,	148	102	CE	135
TOTAL	40	187	729	865	386	1	13	65	148	102	82	135
WORLD TOTAL	20,906	21,173	21,769	23,441	22,128	1	9+901	19 ;723	9.500	12,084	10,518	10,681
1 / Breliminarry												

1/ Preliminary.
2/ Includes estimates for minor producing countries.
3/ Includes production from intercropping.
4/ Includes production from intercropping.
5/ Includes production from intercropping.
5/ Revised series.
5/ Represents mid-point of current range of estimate, i.e., 5.8-6.8 million metric tons. 6/ Includes estimates for the People's Rep. of China.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of Official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research, and related information.

Sunflowerseed and Oil: Production and exports by selected producer-exporters, and 1975 forecast

Item and wear	11		Romar	Romania	1	In 1,000 metric tons)	tons)	ons)	İ				
1	Seed	됭	Seed	0.1	Seed	041	Sood	ija J	Argentina	łI	Subtotal		•
Production: 1/	le 4						Tage		Seed	L., J	as oil	as oil . Others	World
- 3		č	1										
1966		2 034	273	302	J 6	1	337	131	757	ĉ	1	į	
1967.		200	† £	3 8	20	t I	357	136	3	4 6	0,000	<u></u>	3,128
1968	6,608	100	7,0	607	32	J I	123	169	3.120	26.2	4,047	329	2,978
1969.	6,685	25.0	5 5	532	10,	17	827	196	950	2 2	7,000	358	3,498
0401		1	2	442	a	13	726	187	92/8	8	3,335	£ 5	9,75 7,75
1971	6,358	2,120	747	536	13	13	57.3	410	,	,		Ĭ	3
1972	5 663	2,371	0 1.0	35	98	14	167	7.5	041. 1	367	3,316	987	3,802
1973	5.048	2,4	162	g:	196	띥	455	181	828	7.0%	3,129	£83 ;	3,612
1974 2/	7,385	2,843	756	\$ \$, 5	a‡ 8	18 3	195	965	i H	2,887	0 440 440 440 440 440 440 440 440 440 4	3,637
10.3501			•	}	200	\$	0777	178	1,000	355	3,748	74.5	1974C
1976 3/	6,761 6,300	2,79 7,79 7,79 7,79 7,79 7,79 7,79 7,79	4 20	772	291	8	700	162	780	יאכ	0,00	}	744
Haroutes / /		1	}	20%	750	770	425	172	8	18 18	, , , , , , ,	679 679	3,985
2 /# :80.704m		:										•	222
1966	નેલ	2 22	£ 6	8	1	Į Į	33	r	1	24	Ę	;	
1967	132	670	7 8	22	I E	!	29	I I	: I	3 8	2,5	8 8	704 707
1968	191	772	7 01	ן ני	1 r	E L,	. 28 1	100	! 	5 점	1.088	ý .	761
1969	151	959	r F	1,7	1 1	1 I	ᅜ	ন :		8	1,163	£ £	1,198
1970	Ç	ļ					4	‡	1	٠.	1,070	8	1,092
1971	8 6	7 <u>7</u>	18	9119	Н	m	30	ç	. 1	5	C	;	
	ናጸ	256	ຊ ∿	17 17 18 18	2 Y	6.6	ଛ	16	1	3 %	Q 7	3 8	813
1973	88	375		£í	9,8	김성	8 #	% t	1 1	l (632	. Z. C.	£ 89
***************************************	9	187	120	0	7/4	o`	ļ v ^	1 1 1 1	! ! ! !	당 ~	195 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197	2 5 E	766
1975 3/	25	047	č	,						2	ţ	1	S S
1976 3/	11	264	8 8		50 52 53	νĘ	 	n n	1 ; 1 ;	н.	626	75	069
					Ì,	l ,		`	l 1	- -	576	69	645
••						(In percent)	int)						
Assumed crush:													
1960-67	87.5		92		0		95		8				
1973-74	87.5		8 8		9 1		35		8 %				
1975	87.5		2 25		ς κ		8 8		25				
			•		2		7,5		92				
Assumed extraction :		٠											
1960-71	ď	41.6	ţ,	7 11									
1972-75	ζ.	7	ķ			07 07	^κ ,	38-44.6 44		25–35			
										`			

1 Total harvested in previous calendar year except Argentina where harvested in the year indicated. 2 Partly estimated. 3 Forecast.

L Exports of seed expressed as oil using assumed extraction rates as indicated. 5 Mosficial data compiled from trade sources and selected state reports.

Sumflowerseed: Production and exports by selected producer-exporters and the world, annual 1965-74 and 1975 forecast (In 1,000 metric tons)

Romania :Subtotal : Other

3,135 2,925 3,343 3,427 3,427	3,591 3,371 3,454 3,446 4,257	3,765 3,810	11. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25	697 528 588 505	1.15 140			
# % H # H	412 403 564 565 626	538 609	33888	654438	9,35			
2,619 3,026 3,153 3,124	3,179 2,968 2,890 2,881 3,631	3,227	489 792 893 827 693	611 453 415 527 440	.355 384			
194 206 255 257	261 269 277 297 264	234, 24,5	1 1 1 1 1	11111	! ! ! !			45-38.2 38
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852788 865788	189 1159 1159 1159	041 641	!!!!!	1111	! 			45-38.2 38
337 257 423 478 456	547 407 1483 1483	400 425	245 25 23	26 17 17 9 9	1 1 1 t		2222	
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160 200 230 230 230	313 275 265 560 560 560	09 [†] 1	el 1 	1111	1 1		2222	
368 FF 75 373	75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 7	323	33.33 33.33	404 235 235 237	8 8			44 45 45
757 782 1,120 940 876	041,1 830 828 965 765 1,000,1	780 900	1 1 1 1		!!		88	

ept Argentina where harvested in the year indicated. 2/ Partly estimated. 3/ Forecast. 1/ Exports of seed expressed 5/ Estimated at about 50 percent of the total volume of vegetable cake and meal exports which are not separately less exports of cottonseed meal. Includes small quantities of other cake and meals. 7/ Unofficial data compiled

WORLD PRODUCTION AND EXPORTS OF COPRA, COCONUT OIL EXPECTED TO RISE IN 1975

Production

World production of copra in 1975 is estimated at 3.88 million metric tons, compared with 1974's drought-reduced crop of 3.2 million. This year's production, equivalent to 2.48 million tons of coconut oil, will exceed by 18 percent the 2.10 million tons, oil equivalent of copra, produced in 1974. The increased production is expected primarily from a larger output of copra in the Philippines and Indonesia.

Copra production in the Philippines in 1975 is expected to reach 1.85 million tons, 34 percent higher than last year's 1.38 million. The 1975 estimate is based on improved weather conditions and an increased number of bearing trees. Production in 1974 declined 24 percent from that of the previous year, owing to nearly 2 years of drought and widespread harvesting of immature nuts. Another factor contributing to 1974's reduced official estimate of copra production may have been that some shipments of copra from the southern areas of the country were not recorded.

Indonesia's copra production is estimated at 640,000 tons, an increase of 12 percent from the 570,000 tons of 1974. The gain in 1975 is expected from a slight increase in harvested area, an intensified aerial spraying program to rid the producing areas of pests, and the rehabilitation of drainage systems in the coastal area. Also, a new canal systems, under construction in the tidal areas, is expected to aid the expansion of coconut plantings and improve drainage problems in the producing areas.

Because of the drainage improvement programs in Indonesia and expanded harvested areas in the Philippines, world production of coconut oil in 1976 is forecast to increase to 2.57 million tons, about 4 percent higher than output in 1975.

Exports

World exports of copra and coconut oil, in terms of oil, are expected to reach 1.23 million tons—up 29 percent from the 950,000 in 1974. Larger exports from the Philippines will account for most of the increase this year.

Copra exports from the Philippines are estimated at 610,000 tons, 97 percent higher than the 309,000 tons that were shipped in 1974. Government policy favoring exports of finished products, rather than copra, was not modified until the last quarter of 1974, when copra exports were allowed to move more freely. Minimum export and farmgate prices were eliminated, and a flexible pricing system, based on world prices, was used instead. Consequently, the export volume of copra and coconut oil in 1975 is expected to increase substantially from 1974 levels.

Coconut oil exports from the Philippines, are estimated at 485,000 tons in 1975, an increase of about 12 percent from the 432,000 tons shipped last year. As additional coconut processing facilities begin operating, coconut oil exports are expected to increase accordingly, while copra exports decline. The existing copra crushing capacity is 1.6 million tons a year, and there are at present applications for the establishment of coconut oil mills with a total crushing capacity of about 1 million tons.

World exports of copra and coconut oil are expected to total about 1.28 million tons, oil basis, in 1976, with over 70 percent of the total emanating from the Philippines.

Copra: Estimated production by selected producing countries, and forecast 1975 (In 1,000 metric tons)

Country	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974 1/ *	: 1975
Asia: India	270	274		279	280	281	290	290	290	290
Indonesia 2/	586	597		730	815	769	678	720	570	079
Malaysia 3/	179	182		181	182	179	190	196	196	200
Philippines 2/	1,612	1,388	1,352	1,183	1,252	1,704	2,078	1,809	1,376	1,850
Sri Lanka 2/	223	T67		202	183	195 1	555	101	15C	210
Other	9	62	ŀ	57	61	61	61	61	61	61
Total	2,930	2,694		2,630	2,773	3,189	3,723	3,181	2,643	3,251
Ceania:										
	8 8	<i>5</i> 5 5	7.58	7,7	87	6, 7	58	8 :	26	58
French Facilic Islands	7 6	3 F	2 T	2,5	9 2	4 -	‡ <u>*</u>	ַלְּיִבְּ	† C	‡ F
Now retired 2/ ***********************************	7.0	~ 'C	7 7	LO1 7 C	LC3) -	750	777	מאד	בים
Mew Hebrian Services and Transfer Mew	4,7	ţ.	٠ 4 د	~ ~ r	ተ ላ ጎ r	5 .	4 r	2 t	7 t	2 5
	3 2	67	9 F9	or 22	9 6	~ 63 ⊢	- 60 - 1	ਔ F	3 F	~ cc
Total		266	278	291	271	299	306	294	300	300
- 1.										
Africa:	~	40	ý	ŗ,	60	79	ζ,		7	. 44
Other	£ (87	67	127	22	2.5	89	26	69	67
Total	92	108	109	98	112	114	128	132	134	132
Amerijoas										
Mexico	071	125	136	126	118	135	077	100	071	130
Othersessessessessessessesses	56	592	3 8	187	29 6	100	00 205	8 79	205	103
**************************************	177	7.70	202	Jor	200	£27	(22)	2	62	7/-
Morld total	3,487	3,258	3,319	3,206	3,336	3,803	4,362	3,773	3,282	3,876
Coconnt of 1/	2,232	2.085	121.2	2,052	2,135	2.434	2,792	2,415	2,100	2,481
									•	
								ĺ		

1/ Freliminary. 2/ Commercial production on the basis of the combined copra equivalent of exports excluding nuts used for food. 3/ Includes Sabah and Sarawak. 4/ $b_{\rm t}$ be percent of copra.

Copra: Commercial production and exports by major producer-exporters amnual 1965-75

		Morld	2,132 2,232 2,085	2,124	2,135	2,100	2,481	1,288	1,291	1,135	1,319 1,580 1,220	953	1,230	
	- 1.	Other :	632 620 631	643 630	625 651 675 657	681	929	234 264	583 883 883 883 883 883 883 883 883 883	276 276	ទីនីនី	227	230	
		Subtotal	1,500	1,481	1,510 1,783 2,117 1,758	1,419	1,805	1,054	980 1,002 826	859	1,353	726	1,000	
	a 2/	OH 1	5282	3,5	5595	77	22	888	₹% ¤	42	12.20	R)	25	
	New Guinea	Copra :	109 79 79	109	1726	140	120	43 41 90	222	45	323	7	45	
c tons)	ka 2/	011	173 143 122 127	128	11.7 163 67.8 67.8	2	134	88 72 78	79 29 29	55 E	84 78 78 78	3	25	
OOO metri	STILAN	Copra	223 223 191 194	200	183 195 255 105 150	}	210	55 E S S	142	ងដ	8 6/2 8/2 8/2	.	0	discharge and
(In 1	2/2	1	324 375 422	29 7	522 492 461 365		01.4	010	17 4	m4;	45°	Ç	7	Lio.
	Conra	-	506 586 597 660	730	815 769 849 720 570	610	040	828	139	3118 177	7-87-⊓	ģ	PΤΟ	findicated.
in name	011		1,032 888 865	7.57	1,091 1,330 1,157 881	787.	1	75 K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	213	337 409 1,67	927 727	7,85	<u>}</u>	production in year
15	"	[874 510 88 525 88 89 89	752	704 078 808 376	.850		558 598 532	36 26 26	569 454 634	466 198	390		product

production in year indicated. Oil production estimated on the basis of commercial crop assuming an of 64 percent. 2/ Estimated on the basis of the copra equivalent of exports. 3/ Preliminary. s of copra expressed as oil using an assumed extraction rate of 64 percent. 6/ Less than 500 tons.

Copra: Exports by principal exporting countries, annual 1968-74

egistered Exports 2/	664	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973 1/ : 1	1974 1/
egistered Exports 2/ sia: Philippines Indonesia	1 1 1 1 664					<u> </u>	
sia: Philippines Indonesia West Malaysia 3/	664						
Indonesia	664						
West Malaysia 3/		576	420	710	991	728	309
Nest Malaysia 3/ Sabah 3/	217	158	185	64	1,2	36	1
Saban 3/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· (4/)	12	9	(<u>4</u> /)	(4/)	(<u>4</u> /)	1
•	15	13	10	15	16	12	7
Subtotal Malaysia 3/	15	25	19	15	16	1,2	8
Singapore 3/	. 4	(4√)	(4∕)	(4√)	(4/)	(<u>4</u> /)	(4/)
Srl Lanka		19	15	17	44	` 3	(5/)
Portuguese Timor		2 780	413	2 2	2 ~ 2	2	2
100al Abrassessass	922	780	641	808	1,095	781	320
ceania:							
New Guinea		78	71	74	77	50	70
Papua		17	17 (5/)	17 (5/)	23 (<u>5</u> /)	23 (5/)	28
New Caledonia New Hebrides		1 37				(2/)	(5/)
Cook Island		2	31 1	34 1	30 1	1	34 1
Solomon Islands		24	21	27	21	15	17
French Pacific Islands		2	ĩ	ĩ	ō	ő	ő
Western Samoa		15	10	18	19	14	15
Gilbert and Ellice Islands:		8	6	6	7	6	6
Trust Territories (U.S.):	9	13	13	13	13	13	13
Tonga Islands:		14	8	9	12	13	8
Figi Islands	0	2	1	0	0	0	0
Total Oceania	194	213	180	200	203	156	192
frica:	1						
Mozambique	47	41	45	47	44	49	45
Tanzania:		16	9	2	Ō	5	2
Seychelles:		6	4	, 5	, 	, , <u>,</u>	/- A
Togo		. 1	1	(5/)	(2/,}	(5/)	\2/ <i>\</i>
Nigeria		2	2	1	إراف	1	12/7
Comora Islands		5	4 5	4 5	7,	6	4
Sao Tome and Principe		76	70	64	58	69	60
Total Africa							
mericas:		_	_			•	
Dominican Republic	. 6	4	1	2	0	1 0	1 0
Mexico	. 0	9	0	0 2	3	3	3
Saint Vincent	2 8	- 2	 	- Ĉ	- 3	<u> </u>	<u>2</u>
Total Americas	8	· · · · · · · ·	н				<u></u>
ther	5	L	5	3	3	(5/)	4
Total registered	1,206	1,079	900	1,079	1,362	1,010	580
nregistered Exports <u>6</u> /:	i						

Coconut Oil: Exports by principal exporting countries, annual 1967-74,

4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			(F)	1,000 metric	c tons)	!			
thenr and Country	Ĥ,	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973 1/	/ר יויסן
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total Malaysia.		32	777	31	7	7	2	7	7 (
e 3/ 1/					# <i>t</i>	#	23	29	74
		27.8	స్ట్ర ్	22	7,7	0	7.	,	
I Asia.		351	767	32,56	26	Ž	87	18	492
				227	/04/	534	929	495	509
acific Islands.		C	ı						
	• ••	77	· · ·	걸	11	to	נו		Ć
Intal Oceans		27	3 6	7 5	3 6	17	15	ខ្ម) (1
		38	7.7	67	17.	52	27	33	3.1
+ rica:							77	52	4.5
Mozambique Tanzania	٠	6	. to	tX	£	i			
Total Africa		7	7	ی در	~ ~	~ ₩	9 (10	6
		2	10	Ţ	17	721	~σ	1	2
Other		c	,						
		$\left\ \cdot \right\ $	٥		7	5	9	m	1
lotalessessessessessessesses	7	707	164	387	533	707	į		
Oil equivalent of comma						993	[‡] 69	561	572
exports	80	805	800	200	ξ03	Ì			
Grand total oil equivalent of					100	97)	988	659	382
copra and coconut oil	1,206		1,291	1,096	1.13%	מרצ נ	,		
1/ Preliminary; partly estimated	ed. 2	T.			t/! (!	ナナノエフ	7,580	1,220	954
		afloat and	ol impo d for di from fr	for diversion enroute.	of imported from the Philippines and Indonesia over for diversion enroute. 3/ Net exports. 4/ Believe	pines and Ind Net exports.	Indonesia	ia over recorded Believed to include	ed nolindo
	:	1	TTOM THOUSESTS	lonesia.			ì	1	יוכדמתם

Foreign Agriculture Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign Sovernments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agriculture Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research, and related information.

WORLD PRODUCTION OF LARD AND TALLOW INCREASED IN 1974 OVER 1973 TOTALS

World lard production. World lard production increased 6.3 percent in 1974 to 3.96 million tons because of increased hog slaughter and higher yields per carcass in the major producing countries. Four areas in the world—the United States, the Soviet Union, the European Community (EC), and the Socialist East European countries—accounted for over four-fifths of world production.

U.S. production totaled 620,000 tons in 1974—an increase of nearly 9 percent over 1973's and the first gain in U.S. lard output since 1971. Increased slaughter accounted for most of the upswing, although yields also gained slightly. Soviet production reached 931,500 tons—up 5.5 percent over 1973's—but short of the 1972 record of 939,300 tons. EC production was up 6.5 percent, boosted by a 4.75 percent gain in yields. East European lard production was up nearly 10 percent to 951 thousand tons. Poland—the largest East European lard producer—also reported higher yields.

Sharply higher prices were the major stimulus for higher lard yields in 1974. For example, the average U.S. export price for lard was 25 cents per pound—up nearly 50 percent over the 1973 price. Prices in the first quarter of 1975 were about 4.8 cents higher than 1974 levels. Despite this

high price, world lard production is forecast to be down slightly in 1975 because prices of vegetable oil substitutes are expected to be more competitive.

World Tallow and Grease Production. World tallow production increased 11 percent during 1974 to a record 4.9 million tons. U.S. production was up 17.3 percent to 2.8 million tons. EC production was up 16 percent to 729,000 tons, reflecting more normal cattle slaughter rates. Production was up 13.6 percent in the USSR and up slightly in Canada. Australia was the only major producer to show a decline—down 20 percent—the result of sharply lower cattle slaughter.

For 1975, world beef production is expected to increase about 6 percent; however, world tallow production will probably be below 1974 levels because of lower slaughter weights. Recent slaughter statistics underscore this forecast: Average U.S. slaughter weights for the first half of 1975 are running 40 pounds per head below those of the same period a year ago; slaughter weights in France were down 30 pounds in May.

Hog grease production is included in U.S. tallow statistics, but not in those of other countries.

LANGE I PRODUCTION IN SPECIFIES COUNTRIES - AVERAGE 1965-64, ANNUAL 1970-74

IN THOUSANDS OF MEINIC TONS

HESTO AND COUNTRY	AVEHAGE 1955-69	1970	1971			
			17/1	1972	[9/3	1974
PEOPETH APERICAL						
4. MINEUMODE 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	57.4	65.6	14.8			
MEXICO	36.0	47.1	53.0	65.1	60.0	61.2
Unitied States	908.6	367+7	na9.0	59.0	58 • ∩	46.0
OfneRessatessenangesses,	13,3	15.0	14.9	707.2 14.6	568 • B	619.6
#GTAL,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1.017.9	995,3	1,031.8		14.5	15.0
SOUTH AMERICAL			11031.0	646.0	701.3	741.B
A-GENTINA	31.5	7.	······································			
MHALILITETTI TELEFORE	93.7	31.5 75.0	37.2	37.4	38.7	14.9
CHILERY CONTRACTOR	4.0	5.5	1v1.7 5.6	104.4	115.6	119.3
CULCHHIA	8.3	ã.5	2.4	6.3	6+5	5.7
Unuudayaanaanaanaa	6.2	5.9	8.1	2.5	2+6	2+7
WENEZUELA.	1.5	1.5	ĩ, i	6,3	0.1 A	6.9
	tře∨	6.3	6.5	ا.با 7,8	1.5 e.a	1.7
TUTALeastronserverseas	145.4	149.2	102.6	165,4		7.8
EURCPE!				17047	179.4	178+9
海星是 事業的NT						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ECI						
ET EL L'G LUM-LUXEMHOUNG	دا به داخ	** .				
Eliz Fatt Att Kannanaaaaaaaaaaaa	19*0	35.9	.18 . 4	41.8	4/.7	-
Fig 45 Ct assessment and a second	73.3	38.7 56.0	4115	41.3	41.5	51.2
the HMARYSHEST	2.9.1	150 H	65.0	65 i J	7/.0	39.6
I MEL ANUESTES STATES	د, خ	2.5	340.8	340.6	332.8	#0.0 340.8
I TALY	気のずみ	100.6	2+5 1×9•8	. 7.4	5+0	37940 240
LINE I FED KINGUUM	29.4	31 . 7	1848	113.1	117-1	145.3
	11.1	11+7	12.5	45.6	45.4	48.3
TOTAL EGANGARAMANA	540.5			11*8	11-8	11.6
	37013	607. u	549 a tr	663.8	675+3	
AUS IRIA					117.29,9	719.2
FINLAND	33.4	30.3	فال			
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	فوق	3.0	3.7	36.1	24.7	30.5
A Process of the Community of the Commun	3,0	4.0	5,5	3.0	2.4	2.4
- 1 FT # LI(101 - 4 a - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 -	A*** ∫*1	1.4	1.2	0.1 1.4	7+6	H+9
	73.0	4.4	10.3	11.4	1.4	1.4
Sallie Haussessessessessesses	8.0	94,4	91+2	44.5	12.5	13.4*
S - ITZERLAND	10,3	9.1	0.7	9.4	113.0	122.0
TETAL MEGIERNA		11.8	12.4	13.9	9+0 14+5	9.0
	691,6	772.2	813.8	458.1		14.5
	***************************************				865-4	921.2
ANSTERNATE ELLER SPRIA CONTROL CONTRO						
	37.5	Ja.J				
	6.1.1	95.3	زبرطاف غد البلا	41.7	3/+9	17 7
	147.6	145.7	101.9 152.7	109,9	110.5	37.7
	16.9	77.7	94.1	16⇒+B	1/3.4	127•H 188.3 *
YUG USLAVIA	242,5	r36.9	243.2	105.7	96.6	117.3
	116.4	120,4	145.2	294.a 134.0	324.5	356.9*
TOTAL ENSIGHMANNERS	713.1	106.2	772.1		11d+6	123.3
			7 1 1 3 4	842.9	865.1	951.3
更以下去E EUROPE **********	1:4:4:5					
	214(4)3	10478.4	1:505.6	.13681.0	1,730.5	
US.5.5.					*113015	1,872.5
	732.7	100				
1 C		183.7	910.3	934.3		
STEETES APPLICATED OF TRATES					81146	931.5
Tas Tai	10.4	1149	9,3 *	1.0 5.0		
To Tale	10.4			14.9*	10.9*	11.4 ×
A 1		11.4	9.3	10.0		
STITALREPOR (Intran)					10.0	11+4
SHILL TODAY	26.1	34.h	r	·		
PHILIPPINES.	61.3	01.0	J5+U 94•8	36.3 105.0	46.4	41.2

TALLOW AND GREASES PRODUCTION IN SPECIFIES COUNTRIES - GVER-GE 1985-69, ANNUAL 1970-74

14 THOUSANDS OF GETRIC TONS

			OF SETATO TOVS			
HEOLOG AND COUNTRY	4044444 49-5967	1970	1971	1972	19/3	1974
THE CAPACITY OF THE CAPACITY O						
NORTH AMERICAL CANADA	120.0	179.8	1 19.0	244.4	244.5	208.7
Mt.X1CO,	(4+5	<u>21±0</u>	21.2	21.4	24.4	27.3
Owlfen STATES	5.337.3	6147d.u	2.609.1	2.544.0	2,412.2	2,830.h 14.5
ОТИВНЕТОВНЕТОВНЕТОВНЕТОВНЕТОВНЕТОВНЕТОВНЕТО	17.7	21.1	21.6	20.0	20.6	3,080.8
TOTAL	2,504.1	Z+099.5	2,651.4	2,795.5	2.0AU.1	3,000.0
SOUTH AMERICAL ARBENTINA	132.5	146.1	159.3	137.6	135+5	140.7
therad II	£1.4	04.2	70.5	73.U	75 • 0	62.5
. C**II.E	9.0	9.9	8.9 83.8	0.1 22.0	H+) 14+6	17.6
CULCMHIA	7.5 2.0	1+0 C+[%	2.1	3.3	4.3	2.7
Parturate	5,0	6.4	6,3	5.5	5• ž	5.1
Unuguay	17.5	20.0	16.8	10+7	14.9	14.9
VENEZUELA	4,3	14.42	10.9	1115	12.7	
[icTAL	355,0	279+0	%e8.5	275.3	278+2+	265.6
LURCPET						
wESTERO (
ECI						49
ntholum-Luachnumbersesses	وبواغ	23 a c	7.65	22.7 63.3	23+0 82+8	27.4 61.9
DENMARKASABASASABASASA	71.7 184.1	55 e.3 126 e.u	01.0 144.0	14/.11	157+0	179.0
FHANCE	97.0	167.0	101.0	135.0	130.0	150.9
1dtLAND	\$ U • ·	16.0	17.1	14.3	14+7	16.3
1 FAL Y	58.4	65 + 9	06.1 33.2	6.3 e b 3 e e b	გი+ი ვქ+9	45+2
Nr. Theat. Anus	,>7,3 [43,⊄	33.0 (4/a3	147,3	138.2	132-1	166.6
U-1110 KINUSUM	[43]	1411-2	1			
TOTAL ECO	534.1	594+5	0,000	616.9	62/-5	729.0
Aug List &	b • b	f; e d	6.6	ٿ ₊ه	ካላቶ	7.6
AUS [#[A	د.پي	4.5	6.5	č.5	4+3	2.7
NUMBATALARAMANA	1 + 1+	1.3	ف ا	1.3	l + 4 9 • 5	l•5 9•5
PUHTUGAL	5.0	7.6 23.1	8.0 23.8	6.5 8.55	26.5	24.2
SPA IN] 6 ; 3 1 tř = 4	10.6	8.0	7.6	1.7	1.9
SHITZERLAND	7.9	10.1	19.1	9,2	14-1	14.5
TUTAL WESTERNAMES	585,4	255.0	715.4	675,2	695+5	402+0
EASTERN I					9 • A	9.6
doLuAHIA	٨,٧	#•* 14•↔	8.e 15.u	7.4 15.2	16.1	18.1
CZECHOSLOVANIA	[3,2 [3,7	15.6	15.2	15.4	10.7	17.9
GERMANY9EMS1444444444444444444444444444444444444	b, t	6.4	6+4	5.7	6.5	a∙6 31+5
PULAND	26.0	30.0	28.5 17.9	7.3 10.0	34.9 10.5	19.5
Yugustavi	10.0	16.5				102.2
TUTAL EASTERNA	44,0	91.7	91.7	89,2	190.5	
	-3.16	747.3	8u7.1	764.5	796 - 0	904.2
TOTAL EUROPESSON	ney.8					
ALC: E. A.	274.1	298.44	304.7	4,904	316+3	335.8
U.S.S.R.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
AFRICAL SOUTH AFRICATREPAUF ******	5.6	6.8	7.3*	. 7.2 *	13.9*	n+1
TGTAL	0.4	h+b	7.3	1.2	5.9	٠٠١
ASIAI		, 3	14	.J	•3	•
CHINA REPOUT (TAIWAN)	15±9	17.3	15.6	114.0	14.9	194
INAK-1991 - 1991	1.0	} • ¢	1.1	1.1	1 • 2 8 • 7	1 • i 11 • ·
JAPAN	7•⊄	111.6	10.7	11.3	1 • n	1.0
PAILIPPINES	υ, υ, ί	6.0	6.4	5.4	2+4	6.
TURKEY	30.0	36.4	14.8	k. ar	15.5	38.
[UTAL ************************************						. 5.*
OCEANIAI AUSTRALIA	145+5	192.5	. 213.3 92.1	244.4 94.0	241+7 99+5	197. 95.
NEW ZEALAND	78.6	94.4			347+3	292.
[CTAL++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	261.1	486.5	305,4	330,4	34143	1
TOTAL SELECTED COUNTRIES	4.001.5	4+353+9	4,579.0	4.527.6	4 • 4 3 4 • 3	4,924.0

^{* -} FAS ESTIMATE

^{1/} INCLUDES EDIBLE AND INEDIBLE TALLOW AND GREASES.
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